

A STATUTE FOR THE NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF IRELAND.

(Presented in pursuance of the Act 8 Edward VII., cap. 38, sec. 5 (1).)

*Ordered, by THE HOUSE OF COMMONS, to be Printed,
24th May, 1909.*



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Irish Universities Act, 1908.

NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF IRELAND.

We, the Dublin Commissioners appointed under the Irish Universities Act, 1908, to make Statutes for the general government of the University which has since been incorporated under the name of the National University of Ireland, having taken into consideration the representations as respects those Statutes made to us by the Senate of the said University, and by all persons who appeared to us to be interested in the making of Statutes for the said University, Under and by virtue of the powers in this behalf conferred on us by the said Act, Do by this present instrument under our Seal make the Statute hereunto annexed for the general government of the National University of Ireland.

Given under our Common Seal, at Dublin, this 15th day of
May, 1909.

Present at the Meeting of the
Commissioners when their
Common Seal was affixed.

LS

ROBERT DONOVAN.

Secretary to the Dublin Commissioners

A Statute for the National University of Ireland.

STATUTE A.

CHAPTER I.

THE VISITOR OF THE UNIVERSITY.

1. His Majesty the King is the Visitor of the University.
2. Any President of a Constituent College, Professor, or Lecturer, who is removed by the University from his office, may, in 'manner' provided by this Statute, appeal to the Visitor against such removal. The appeal shall be heard by a Board of four Visitors, and if they do not unanimously concur in such removal it shall not take effect.

CHAPTER II.

THE MEMBERS OF THE UNIVERSITY.

1. Every person who is an Authority of the University, every person who is a Member of an Authority of the University, every Member of a Constituent College, and every Matriculated Student of the University, shall be a Member of the University.
2. Women shall be eligible equally with men to be Members of the University or of any Authority of the University, and to hold any office or enjoy any advantages of the University.

CHAPTER III.

THE AUTHORITIES OF THE UNIVERSITY.

The Authorities of the University shall be the Chancellor, the Vice-Chancellor, the Pro-Vice-Chancellors, the Senate, the General Board of Studies, the Faculties, and Convocation.

CHAPTER IV.

THE CHANCELLOR.

1. The Chancellor shall be the head and chief officer of the University, and shall, if present, be entitled to preside over the Meetings of the Senate or of any Committee appointed by the Senate, and of Convocation.

2. The Chancellor shall hold office during his life or until his resignation

3. The resignation of a Chancellor shall be by instrument in writing under his hand, executed in the presence of and attested by at least one witness.

CHAPTER V.

ELECTION OF THE CHANCELLOR.

1. The Chancellor henceforth shall be elected by Convocation; and if a Member of the Senate is elected to be Chancellor, his election shall create a casual vacancy in the Senate.

2. On receiving notice of the occurrence of a vacancy in the office of Chancellor, the Vice-Chancellor shall give notice to the Chairman of Convocation and to the Clerk of Convocation.

3. Within one week after notice of a vacancy in the office of Chancellor, the Chairman of Convocation, or, if there be no Chairman, or in his absence or inability, the Clerk of Convocation, shall appoint a time at which a special meeting of Convocation, hereinafter called "the Election Meeting," shall be held for the election of the succeeding Chancellor.

4. The time appointed for such Election Meeting shall not be less than seven months, nor more than eight months, after notice of such vacancy. No business other than that of the election shall be transacted at the Meeting. Six months' notice of the Meeting shall be given to the Members of Convocation.

5. Any person whom it is proposed to elect shall be nominated by a Nomination Paper, which shall be signed by at least two Members of Convocation, and shall be given to the Clerk of Convocation at least five months before the day appointed for the Election Meeting. Such Nomination Paper shall state the name and address of the person nominated, and, in case that address is not in Ireland, shall state an address in Ireland to which the Notice mentioned in the next Section may be sent for the person nominated.

6. The Clerk of Convocation, so soon as he receives any Nomination Paper, shall give notice in writing to the person so nominated, that unless within fourteen days from the date of such notice he shall, by notice in writing sent to the Clerk of Convocation, disclaim such nomination, he shall be deemed to have consented to be nominated, and to act as Chancellor if he shall be elected. Any person who shall so disclaim within the above-mentioned period shall be deemed not to have been duly nominated.

7. If, at the expiration of the period for nomination, only one person shall have been duly nominated, the one person who shall have been so nominated shall be the Chancellor. In that event, the Chairman at the Election Meeting shall declare the person so nominated to be the Chancellor.

8. If two or more persons shall have been duly nominated, the Clerk shall prepare, and, not less than four months before the Election Meeting, shall send by post to each Member of Convocation resident elsewhere than in the United Kingdom, and, not less than one month, to every other Member of Convocation, a Voting Paper, containing in dictionary order the names of the persons so nominated.

9. Such Voting Paper shall be accompanied by a printed paper of instructions, which shall contain the following:—

(a) A direction to the Voter to write his initials opposite the name of the person for whom he votes; to sign the Voting Paper; and if he desires to vote without being present at the Election Meeting, to post the same, signed as directed in the next Section, to the Clerk of Convocation at the University, in sufficient time for it to arrive in the ordinary course of post, at least one full day before the day appointed for the Election Meeting;

(b) Copies of the two immediately following Sections of this Chapter;

(c) A statement of the names of the Members of Convocation nominating each person nominated;

(d) An envelope bearing on the outside the name and address of the Registrar, and also the words "Voting Paper."

10. The Voting Paper of a Member of Convocation shall be signed by him—

(a) if within the United Kingdom, before a Justice of the Peace, or a Commissioner of Affidavits;

(b) if in a Colony or other place in His Majesty's Dominions abroad, before any person authorised to administer oaths therein;

(c) in any other place, before any of His Majesty's Consuls or Vice-Consuls.

The person before whom the Voting Paper is signed shall in all cases be a person who personally knows either the Voter or a person who certifies to him in writing on the Voting Paper his knowledge of the Voter, and the former shall attest the fact of such Voting Paper having been signed by the Voter in his presence, at the place therein mentioned, by signing his name at the foot thereof, and adding his official designation and place of residence.

11. The envelope containing the Voting Paper sent to the Clerk of Convocation by Post shall bear on the outside the words "Voting Paper."

12. The votes for the Election of Chancellor shall be those of the Members of Convocation present at the Election Meeting, together with such votes as shall have been validly given by Voting Papers duly verified and returned to the Clerk, and received at the University before the commencement of the Election Meeting; but each Member of Convocation shall be entitled to one vote only.

13. Not less than seven days before the day of the Election Meeting, the Chairman of Convocation shall appoint at least three Members of Convocation to be Scrutineers.

14. It shall not be necessary that the usual quorum, or any greater number of Members of Convocation than five, shall be present at the Election Meeting.

15. At the Election Meeting, the Clerk of Convocation shall deliver unopened to the Scrutineers, or, in their absence, to the Chairman of the Meeting, such of the envelopes containing the Voting Papers which he has received as bear on the outside the words "Voting Paper." If any Voting Papers have been received by him in envelopes which do not bear such words, he shall deliver the same and the Voting Papers which they contained, to the Scrutineers, whether such envelopes shall or shall not have been opened; and those Members present at the Meeting who have not forwarded Voting Papers, or whose Voting Papers shall not have been received before the Meeting, shall hand to the Scrutineers their Voting Papers. The fact that an envelope containing a Voting Paper sent to the Registrar by post did not bear on the outside the words "Voting Paper" shall not vitiate the vote.

16. The Scrutineers shall examine and shall count the votes; and in any case of doubt as to the validity of a vote shall determine the same. The decision of the Scrutineers, or the decision of the majority of them, shall be final.

17. They shall report in writing to the Chairman of the Meeting the result of the voting; and if they are equally divided as to the validity of any vote, the question shall be determined by the Chairman at the Meeting.

18. The Chairman shall declare the person having the majority of lawful votes to have been duly elected as Chancellor. In case there shall be an equality of lawful votes, the election shall be determined by lot, drawn by the Chairman at the Meeting, and he shall declare the person whose election has been so determined to be the Chancellor.

19. Convocation may by Regulations prescribe the respective hours at which the poll at the Meeting shall open and shall close; and, subject to the Statutes, may direct any other matter in relation to the holding of the election of the Chancellor.

CHAPTER VI.

THE VICE-CHANCELLOR.

1. The Vice-Chancellor shall be elected by the Senate from amongst the Members of the Senate. He shall hold office for such period, not exceeding five years, as the Senate may determine, and he shall be eligible for re-election. No person shall continue to be Vice-Chancellor if he ceases to be a Member of the Senate.

2. The Vice-Chancellor shall be the chief executive officer of the University.

3. The Vice-Chancellor, by virtue of his office, shall be a Member of Convocation, a Member of the General Board of Studies and Chairman of that Board, and a Member of each Faculty in the University.

4. If during an Examination a vacancy among the Examiners or other like emergency occurs, the Vice-Chancellor may appoint a substitute for that Examination.

5. The Vice-Chancellor may act as Chancellor during a vacancy in the office of Chancellor, and may act for the Chancellor during his absence or inability.

PROVIDED that the Vice-Chancellor shall not be entitled to preside at a Meeting of Convocation in the absence of the Chancellor.

6. The Vice-Chancellor may resign his office by writing under his hand addressed to and sent to the Chancellor.

CHAPTER VII.

THE PRO-VICE-CHANCELLORS.

1. The Senate may from time to time elect one or more of its Members to be Pro-Vice-Chancellors. A Pro-Vice-Chancellor shall be elected for such period as the Senate may determine. No person shall continue to be a Pro-Vice-Chancellor if he ceases to be a Member of the Senate.

2. A Pro-Vice-Chancellor may act as Vice-Chancellor during a vacancy in the office of Vice Chancellor, and may act for the Vice-Chancellor during his absence or inability.

3. The Senior Pro-Vice-Chancellor present shall have a prior right to act as Vice-Chancellor. The seniority of the Pro-Vice-Chancellors shall be determined by the dates at which they shall have been elected. If more than one Pro-Vice-Chancellor shall be elected at the same time, the resolution electing them shall declare their priority *inter se*.

4. A Pro-Vice-Chancellor may resign his office by writing under his hand addressed to and sent to the Chancellor.

CHAPTER VIII.

THE SENATE.

1. The Senate nominated in the Charter shall hold office until the expiration of a period of five years from the dissolution of the Royal University.

2. After the expiration of the period of office of the first Senate, the Senate shall consist of the following :—

The Chancellor of the University, ...	1
The Presidents of the Constituent Colleges, ...	3
Persons nominated by His Majesty; of whom one at least shall be a woman, ...	4
Elected by the Governing Body of University College, Dublin, three at least being Members of the Academic Council of the College, ...	6
Elected by the Governing Body of University College, Cork, two at least being Members of the Academic Council of the College, ...	4
Elected by the Governing Body of University College, Galway, two at least being Members of the Academic Council of the College, ...	4
The Registrar, ...	1
Members of Convocation elected by Convocation, ...	8
Co-opted, ...	4
	35

3. *Ex-officio* Members of the Senate shall be Members so long as they hold qualifying office. Other Members shall hold office for five years. The successor in the case of a casual vacancy shall be appointed in like manner with his predecessor, and shall hold office for the remainder of his predecessor's term.

4. Retiring Members of the Senate are eligible for reappointment.

5. Any Member of the Senate, not being an *ex-officio* Member, may resign his office by writing under his hand addressed to and sent to the Registrar.

6. Members of the Senate are eligible equally with other persons for appointment to paid office in the University or in a Constituent College.

CHAPTER IX.

NOMINATION, APPOINTMENT, AND ELECTION OF MEMBERS OF THE SENATE.

1. Not less than three months before the expiration of the period of office of the Senate, the Registrar shall give notice in writing to the Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant, to the Registrar or other proper officer of the several Governing Bodies of the three Constituent Colleges, and to the Clerk of Convocation, of the date at which the period of office of the Senate then in being shall expire.

(a) *Nomination by His Majesty.*

2. The notice to the Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant shall be accompanied by a copy of the Statutes of the University, and shall direct his attention to the provisions of the Charter and of the Statutes which affect His Majesty's nomination of Members of the Senate.

3. In case His Majesty's nomination of four Members of the Senate shall not have been received before the expiration of the said period of office, the Registrar shall furnish to the Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant a list of the names, addresses, and descriptions of the Members of the new Senate who shall have been appointed or elected, and shall request him to procure His Majesty's pleasure to be taken as to the persons whom His Majesty shall be pleased to nominate to be Members of the Senate.

(h.) Election by the Governing Bodies of the Constituent Colleges.

4. The election by the Governing Body of a Constituent College of the Members of the Senate which it is entitled to elect shall take place at a meeting of such Body, hereinafter called "the Election Meeting," which shall be held not more than four weeks, nor less than two weeks, before the date at which the Senate then in being shall go out of office.

5. The Notice for such Meeting shall state that the Election is the purpose, or one of the purposes, of the Meeting. Six weeks' notice of the Meeting shall be given to the Members of the Governing Body.

6. Each person proposed for election shall be nominated by a Nomination Paper, which shall be signed by at least two Members of the Governing Body, and shall be given to the Secretary or other proper officer of the Constituent College four weeks before the Election Meeting. If the person so proposed to be elected is a Member of the Academic Council of the College, that fact shall be stated in the Nomination Paper.

7. The Nomination Paper shall state the address of the person nominated, and in case that address is not in Ireland, shall state an address in Ireland to which the Notice mentioned in the next Section may be sent for the person nominated.

8. The Secretary, or other proper officer of the Constituent College, so soon as he receives any such Nomination Paper, shall give notice in writing to the person nominated that unless, within seven days from the date of such notice, he shall, by notice in writing sent to the Secretary or other proper officer, disclaim such nomination, he shall be deemed to have consented to be nominated, and to be willing to act as a Member of the Senate if he shall be elected. Any person who shall so disclaim within the above-mentioned period shall be deemed not to have been duly nominated.

9. If at any such election by a Governing Body the number of persons duly nominated shall not exceed the total number of persons which such Governing Body is entitled to elect, and if the number of such persons who are Members of the Academic Council of the College is not less than that prescribed by the Charter as the number of the Members of such Council which the Governing Body is bound to elect, then all the persons so nominated shall be deemed to have been duly elected, and at the Election Meeting shall be declared by the Chairman thereof to have been elected accordingly.

10. If the number of persons who have been duly nominated be greater than that which the Governing Body is entitled to elect, but if the number of the Members of the Academic Council who have been duly nominated is not more than that so prescribed as the number of the Members of that Council which the Governing Body is bound to elect, then the Members of that Council who have been so nominated shall be deemed to be duly elected, and at the Election Meeting shall be declared by the Chairman to have been duly elected accordingly; but there shall be a poll in respect of the vacancies to which persons not being Members of the Academic Council are eligible.

11. If the number of persons who have been duly nominated shall be greater than that which the Governing Body is entitled to elect, and if the number of Members of the Academic Council who have been nominated is more than that prescribed as the number of Members of that Council which the Governing Body is bound to elect, then there shall be a poll in respect of all the vacancies to which the Governing Body is entitled to elect.

12. At the poll at an election by a Governing Body, the votes shall be given by unsigned voting papers by the Members of the Governing Body present at the Meeting at which the election is held.

13. In case there is an equality of votes for two or more persons nominated for a lesser number of vacancies at an election of Members of the Senate by a Governing Body, the election shall be determined by lot, drawn by the Chairman of the Meeting at the Meeting.

14. If at a Meeting of the Governing Body of a Constituent College, summoned for the election of Representatives on the Senate, there shall not be the prescribed quorum, the election shall nevertheless be proceeded with, and be as valid as if such quorum were present.

(c.) *Election by Convocation.*

15. The election by Convocation of the Members of the Senate which it is entitled to elect, shall take place at a Meeting of such Body, hereinafter called "the Election Meeting," which shall be held not more than four weeks, nor less than two weeks, before the date at which the Senate then in being shall go out of office.

16. The Notice for such Meeting shall state that the Election is the purpose, or one of the purposes, of the meeting. Six weeks' notice of the Meeting shall be given to the Members of Convocation.

17. Each person proposed for election shall be nominated by a Nomination Paper, which shall be signed by at least two Members of Convocation, and shall be given to the Clerk of Convocation four weeks before the Election Meeting.

18. The Nomination Paper shall state the address of the person nominated, and in case that address is not in Ireland, shall state an address in Ireland to which the Notice mentioned in the next Section may be sent for the person nominated.

19. The Clerk of Convocation, so soon as he receives any such nomination paper, shall give notice in writing to the person nominated that, unless within seven days from the date of such notice, he shall, by notice in writing sent to the Clerk of Convocation, disclaim such nomination, he shall be deemed to have consented to be nominated and to be willing to act as a Member of the Senate if he shall be elected. Any person who shall so disclaim within the above-mentioned period shall be deemed not to have been duly nominated.

20. If at any election by Convocation of Members of the Senate the number of persons duly nominated shall not exceed the number of persons whom Convocation is entitled to elect, then all the persons so nominated shall be deemed to be duly elected, and at the Election Meeting of Convocation shall be declared by the Chairman thereof to have been elected accordingly.

21. If the number of persons who have been duly nominated for election by Convocation be greater than that which Convocation is entitled to elect, the Clerk of Convocation shall prepare, and, not less than four weeks before the Election Meeting, shall send by post to each Member of Convocation a Voting Paper, containing in dictionary order the names of the persons so nominated.

22. For the purpose of an election by Convocation of Members of the Senate, Sections 9 to 17, inclusive, of Chapter V. shall apply as if the Election and the Election Meeting referred to in such sections were an Election and an Election Meeting for the Election of Members of the Senate.

23. At the Election Meeting the Chairman shall declare the number of persons whom Convocation is entitled to elect, and who have obtained the majority of lawful votes, to have been duly elected to be Members of the Senate. In case there shall be an equality of lawful votes, the election, as between the candidates having such equality of votes, shall be determined by lot, drawn by the Chairman at the Meeting, and he shall declare the persons whose election has been so determined, with any other persons who had obtained a greater number of votes, to be duly elected.

24. Convocation may by Regulations prescribe the respective hours at which the poll at the Meeting shall open and shall close; and, subject to the Statutes, may direct any other matter in relation to the holding of the election of Members of the Senate.

(d) General.

25. When any person shall have been declared to have been duly elected by a Governing Body or by Convocation to be a Member of the Senate, the Secretary or other proper officer of the College, or the Clerk of Convocation, as the case may be, shall forthwith make a Return thereof under his hand to the Registrar of the University, setting forth the name and address of the person elected.

26. In the event of any person being elected by more than one Elective Body, or of his being nominated by His Majesty and also elected by an Elective Body, the Registrar shall immediately send notice to him, of his having been so elected, or of his having been so nominated and elected, requesting him to declare within one week in

writing which Elective Body he will represent, or whether, notwithstanding his nomination by His Majesty and his also having been so elected, he will continue to represent the Elective Body by which he was elected. On making such declaration he shall be a representative on the future Senate of that Elective Body or a nominee of His Majesty according to his choice; and thereupon a vacancy shall occur among the representatives of any other Body which shall have elected him, or among the Members of the Senate nominated by His Majesty, as the case may be. Any such vacancy shall be deemed to be a casual vacancy.

27. In the event of any person failing to make the Declaration mentioned in the preceding Section within the time therein specified, the Chancellor or other Chairman of the Senate shall determine the matter by lot, and a casual vacancy shall thereupon occur amongst the representatives of the other Elective Body or amongst the nominees of His Majesty as the case may be.

28. In the event of any Elective Body failing to elect within the prescribed time the full number of representatives which it is entitled to elect, the vacancies which shall not be filled shall be deemed to be casual vacancies.

29. After the expiration of the period of office of the outgoing Senate, a Meeting of the persons so elected and of such persons as may have been nominated by His Majesty shall be summoned, for the earliest convenient day, of which not less than seven days' notice shall be given to each Member. At such meeting the Members present shall co-opt four additional Members. No other business shall be transacted at this Meeting.

(c) *Casual Vacancies.*

30. Whenever a casual vacancy shall occur in the first or any subsequent Senate among the nominees of His Majesty, the Registrar shall forthwith give notice, in writing, to the Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant, and shall request him to procure His Majesty's pleasure to be taken as to the person whom His Majesty shall be pleased to nominate to fill the vacancy.

31. Whenever in any Senate other than the first a casual vacancy shall occur amongst the elected members, the Registrar shall forthwith give notice, in writing, of the vacancy to the Elective Body among whose representatives the vacancy has occurred, and thereupon a Meeting of such Elective Body shall be convened for the purpose of electing a person to fill the vacancy. Such election shall be held in the mode hereinbefore prescribed, as if the election were an election upon the expiration of the period of office of a Senate.

32. Whenever a vacancy shall occur amongst the co-opted Members of the Senate, the Registrar, upon having notice thereof, shall, as soon as may be, give notice thereof to the Members of the Senate, and of the date of the Meeting at which the vacancy is to be filled.

33. Such Meeting shall be either an Ordinary Meeting of the Senate or a Special Meeting held for the purpose of the election, provided that in neither case shall the Meeting be held until the expiration of twenty-one days from the notice of the vacancy having been given by the Registrar to the Members.

(f) Provision against Invalidity.

34. The acts or proceedings of the Senate shall not be invalidated by any vacancy among its Members, or by any defect in the mode of appointment of any of its Members.

CHAPTER X.

THE POWERS OF THE SENATE.

1. The Senate shall be the Governing Body of the University, and subject to the provisions of the Act, of the Charter, and of the Statutes, shall exercise all the powers and discretions of the University, and shall regulate and determine all matters concerning the University.

2. Subject to the provisions of the Act and of the Charter, the Senate shall have the following powers:

(a) To make Statutes and Regulations for the University, subject to the following conditions:—

(i) No Statute or Regulation shall be altered so as to change the status, powers, or constitution of any of the Authorities of the University until such Authority shall have had an opportunity of pronouncing an opinion upon the proposed change.

(ii) Regulations relating to Degrees and Examinations shall not be made without report from the General Board of Studies and the Faculties:

(b) To establish Faculties in all such departments of knowledge as the University may from time to time be able to equip and maintain in such a manner as will encourage original research, promote scholarship, and spread learning throughout the land;

(c) To grant and confer Degrees and other Academic Distinctions in accordance with the provisions of the Charter;

(d) To institute Professorships and Lectureships and any offices required by the University, and, subject to the provisions of the Act and of the Charter, to appoint and remove the holders of such offices;

(e) To appoint and remove the Presidents, Professors, and Lecturers of the Constituent Colleges, subject to the Irish Universities Act, 1908, and to the provisions of the Charter and the Charters of the Constituent Colleges;

(f) To institute and award Studentships, Scholarships, Exhibitions, Prizes, or other rewards;

(g) To accept from donors gifts of money, lands, or other property for the foundation of Professorships, Lectureships, Studentships, or Scholarships, or for the erection of buildings, or for the endowment of research, or for any other purpose or purposes connected with the University, upon such trusts and conditions, if any, as may be specified by the donors in regard to the foundation (including in the case of a Professorship or Lectureship any special provisions to have effect in lieu of the general provisions of the Charter as to the mode of appointment to or removal from such offices):

PROVIDED always that nothing in such trusts or conditions is contrary to the provisions of the Act;

- (h) To examine and inspect schools and other educational institutions and grant certificates of proficiency, and to provide such lectures and instruction for persons not being Members of the University as the University may determine; and to co-operate, by means of joint boards or otherwise, with other universities and authorities for the conduct of matriculation examinations, for the examination and inspection of schools and other academic institutions, and for the extension of University teaching and influence in academic matters, and for such other purposes as the University may from time to time determine;
- (i) To make contracts on behalf of the University in any manner authorised by law for the making of contracts by or on behalf of Companies incorporated under the Companies Consolidation Act, 1908.
- (j) To do all such other acts and things, whether incidental to the powers aforesaid or not, as may be authorised in relation to the University or the Constituent Colleges, or may be requisite in order to further the objects of the University;
- (k) To direct by Regulations the form, custody, and use of the Common Seal.

CHAPTER XI.

MEETINGS AND PROCEDURE OF THE SENATE.

1. A stated Ordinary Meeting of the Senate, to be known as the Yearly Meeting, shall be held each year in such month as may be determined by Regulations of the Senate, and upon such day of that month as the Chancellor may appoint.

2. Further Ordinary Meetings of the Senate shall be convened at such times as may be fixed by Regulations, and at any other time by direction of the Chancellor, or upon a requisition addressed to the Chancellor and signed by not less than twelve Members of the Senate stating the object for which the Meeting is to be called.

3. Twenty-one days' notice of every Ordinary Meeting shall be sent by the Registrar to each Member of the Senate.

4. Any Member of the Senate intending to bring forward at a Meeting any business, or to propose at a Meeting any person for election to any office, shall give notice of such business, or of the name of the person so to be proposed, to the Registrar at least fourteen days before the day appointed for such Meeting; and at least seven days' notice of all business to be brought forward, and of the name of any person to be proposed for election at any Meeting, shall be sent by the Registrar to every Member of the Senate.

5. No Meeting shall be competent to transact any business other than that of which due notice has been given, or business necessarily arising therefrom, except such business as may be brought forward by the Chancellor, or by his leave, as being in his opinion of a merely formal character, or of urgent importance.

6. An Extraordinary Meeting of the Senate may be convened by the direction of the Chancellor in the case of any sudden emergency. The notice of any such Extraordinary Meeting shall be sent at least

four days before the date of the Meeting, and shall state the business for which the Meeting is called and the emergency that renders it necessary. No other business shall be transacted at the Meeting.

7. Any Member of the Senate, or of any Committee thereof, may resign his office by notice in writing under his hand, directed to and sent to the Registrar.

8. Subject to the provisions of the Charter and the Statutes, the Senate may, from time to time, make Regulations for governing its proceedings, including the determination of a quorum.

CHAPTER XII.

COMMITTEES.

1. The Senate shall appoint from amongst its Members a Standing Committee and a Finance Committee, and may also appoint such other Committees for particular purposes as it thinks fit.

2. The Chancellor, the Vice-Chancellor, and the Registrar shall be *ex-officio* Members of all the Committees.

3. The Chancellor when presiding at a Meeting of a Committee shall have a casting as well as a deliberative vote.

4. In the absence of the Chancellor, the Vice-Chancellor, and the Pro-Vice-Chancellors, a Meeting of a Committee shall be presided over by such person as may be elected for the purpose from amongst the Members present, but such Chairman shall not have a casting vote.

5. Subject to such restrictions as may be imposed upon them by Regulations of the Senate, all Committees, except Advisory Committees, may make Regulations for governing their own procedure, including the determination of a quorum and the time and place of their Meetings.

6. Subject to any provision to the contrary in the Statutes, the Senate shall be entitled to fix the period of office of any Committee appointed by it, and on the expiration of such period to re-appoint the outgoing Committee, or to appoint a new Committee or Committees in place of the outgoing Committee.

CHAPTER XIII.

THE STANDING COMMITTEE.

1. The Standing Committee shall consist of the Chancellor, the Vice-Chancellor, the Presidents of the three Constituent Colleges, the Registrar, and not more than seven other Members of the Senate. It shall hold office for such period as shall have been prescribed by the Resolution appointing it.

2. Unless the Senate otherwise direct, any matter referred by it to a Committee shall, subject to any provision of the Statutes, stand referred to the Standing Committee.

CHAPTER XIV.

THE FINANCE COMMITTEE.

1. It shall be the duty of the Finance Committee :

(a) to present an Annual Report to the Senate upon the Finances of the University ;

- (b) from time to time to make such inspection and examination of the University accounts, and such inquiries as to expenditure, as it shall deem advisable, and to procure such expert assistance in relation thereto as may be found necessary.
- (c) to make provision that the Books of Account of the University shall be kept in the form which shall most nearly correspond with that in which the Treasury, under Section 7, sub-section 6, of the Act, may from time to time direct the Annual Accounts of the University to be prepared and submitted to the Controller and Auditor-General.
- (d) to transact any financial business that may be committed to it by the Senate.

2. Subject to review by the Senate, the Finance Committee may invest any moneys belonging to the University, including any unapplied Income, in such Stocks, Funds, Fully-paid Shares or Securities, as the Senate shall from time to time think fit, whether authorised by the general law for the Investment of Trust Moneys or not, and whether within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland or not, or in the purchase of Freehold or Leasehold Hereditaments in the United Kingdom, including Rents; with the like power of varying such investments from time to time.

3. It shall be lawful for the Senate, if it shall think fit, to permit any property which shall have been accepted or received by the University as a private endowment for any of the objects of the University to remain invested in the mode of investment in which such property shall be invested when it shall have been so accepted or received, although such mode of investment shall not come within the general description of modes of investment hereinbefore authorised.

PROVIDED that no endowment subject to the control of the University shall be retained invested in any stocks or shares not fully paid up, in respect of which there shall be any existing or contingent liability for calls or contribution.

4. Regulations shall prescribe the method in which payments out of the moneys of the University are to be made.

CHAPTER XV.

ADVISORY COMMITTEES.

1. The Senate may appoint Advisory Committees consisting either wholly or partly of persons not being Members of the Senate; and may delegate to any Advisory Committee so appointed such duties as it thinks fit, as regards financial, administrative, or other matters affecting the University, or any particular Faculty or department of the University, or the management or supervision of any buildings or other property of the University.

2. The Senate shall from time to time make Regulations prescribing the procedure of Advisory Committees.

CHAPTER XVI.

THE GENERAL BOARD OF STUDIES.

1. There shall be a General Board of Studies consisting of the following persons :—

(a) The Vice-Chancellor, who shall be, in virtue of his office, Chairman of the Board ;

(b) The Presidents of the Constituent Colleges ;

(c) One Member elected by the Senate from a list of two or more names submitted by the Academic Council of University College, Dublin, from amongst the University Professors and University Lecturers in the College, in each of the following Faculties :—

Arts.

Philosophy and Sociology.

Celtic Studies.

Science.

Law.

Medicine.

Engineering and Architecture.

Commerce.

(d) One Member elected by the Senate from a list of two or more names submitted by the Academic Council of University College, Cork, from amongst the University Professors and University Lecturers in the College, in each of the following Faculties :—

Arts.

Celtic Studies.

Science.

Law.

Medicine.

Engineering and Architecture.

Commerce.

(e) One Member elected by the Senate from a list of two or more names submitted by the Academic Council of University College, Galway, from amongst the University Professors and University Lecturers in the College, in each of the following Faculties :—

Arts.

Celtic Studies.

Science.

Law.

Medicine.

Engineering and Architecture.

(f) At least three Extern Examiners, who shall be selected by the Senate.

2. The representatives of the Constituent Colleges enumerated above, shall be chosen as follows :—

(a) The Academic Council of each College shall transmit to the Registrar the names of at least two persons from whom there shall be chosen by the Senate a representative, for each of the Faculties of the College ;

- (b) The Senate in making the selection from amongst these names shall exercise care that all the subjects of University instruction shall, so far as may be, receive due representation on the General Board of Studies.

3. In the event of any College in Ireland being recognised under Clause XIV. (1) of the Charter, the Governing Authority of such College shall be entitled to select from amongst its Recognised Teachers one or more representatives, as the Senate may determine, to be Members of the General Board of Studies.

4. All matters which come before the Senate in reference to University studies and the Courses for the various Examinations held by the University shall be referred to, and be reported on, by the General Board of Studies; and such powers as the Senate deem fit in relation to University studies and the Courses for the various Examinations held by the University, may be delegated to the Board.

5. The Board shall hold office for three years.

6. At the termination of each period of three years the Board shall go out of office, but its Members shall be eligible for re-election or re-appointment.

7. Nine Members present at a Meeting of the Board shall form a quorum; and no business shall be transacted at any Meeting unless the requisite quorum be present.

8. Casual vacancies on the Board amongst such of the representatives of a Constituent College as must, under the provisions of the Charter, be Members of the Academic Council of the College shall be filled by election by the Members of the Academic Council of that College.

9. Casual vacancies on the Board amongst the representatives of a Recognised College shall be filled by the Governing Authority of the College by appointment from amongst the Recognised Teachers of that College.

10. Casual vacancies on the Board amongst the Extern Examiners shall be filled by appointment by the Senate from amongst the Extern Examiners.

11. Any person elected or appointed to a casual vacancy on the Board shall hold office for the unexpired portion of the term for which the outgoing Member had been elected or appointed.

12. At the Meetings of the Board the Vice-Chancellor shall have a casting as well as a deliberative vote.

13. In the absence of the Vice-Chancellor and of the Pro-Vice-Chancellors, the Members present shall elect a Chairman for the Meeting, but such Chairman shall not have a casting vote.

14. The Chief Clerk of the University shall attend the Meetings of the Board, and shall act as its Secretary.

15. Subject to the provisions of the Charter and of the Statutes and Regulations of the University, the Board may, from time to time, make Regulations for the government of its proceedings.

CHAPTER XVII.

THE FACULTIES.

1. There shall be within the University the Faculties following :—
 1. Arts.
 2. Philosophy and Sociology.
 3. Celtic Studies.
 4. Science.
 5. Law.
 6. Medicine.
 7. Engineering and Architecture.
 8. Commerce.
2. Each Faculty shall consist of
 - (a) the Vice-Chancellor;
 - (b) the Dean of the Faculty, who shall be appointed annually by the Members of the Faculty from among the Professors of the University in the subjects of the Faculty; and
 - (c) the Professors and the Lecturers of the University in the subjects of the Faculty.
3. The subjects shall be distributed amongst the various Faculties as follows :—

I. FACULTY OF ARTS.

Archæology.	Italian.
Art.	Latin.
Eastern Languages.	Logic.
Education.	Mathematics.
English.	Mathematical Physics.
Ethics.	Metaphysics.
French.	Music.
Geography.	Philology.
German.	Political Economy.
Greek.	Psychology.
History.	Spanish.
Irish.	

II. FACULTY OF PHILOSOPHY AND SOCIOLOGY.

Education.	Metaphysics.
Ethics.	National Economics.
History.	Political Economy.
History of Philosophy.	Psychology.
Logic.	Statistics.

III. FACULTY OF CELTIC STUDIES.

Archæology.	Music.
Art.	Philology.
History.	Welsh and other Brythonic Languages.
Irish.	

IV. FACULTY OF SCIENCE.

Agriculture.	Experimental Physics.
Agricultural Chemistry.	Geology.
Anatomy.	Mathematics.
Applied Chemistry.	Mathematical Physics.
Botany.	Physiology.
Chemistry.	Veterinary Hygiene.
Electrical Engineering.	Zoology.

V. FACULTY OF LAW.

Constitutional Law.	Law of Public and Private Wrongs.
Jurisprudence.	Roman Law.
Law of Contracts.	
Law of Real and Personal Property.	

VI. FACULTY OF MEDICINE.

Anatomy.	Mental Diseases.
Botany.	Midwifery and Gynaecology.
Chemistry.	Ophthalmology.
Dental Subjects.	Pathology.
Experimental Physics.	Physiology.
Hygiene.	Public Health.
Materia Medica.	Surgery.
Medical Jurisprudence.	Zoology.
Medicine.	

VII. FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND ARCHITECTURE.

Architecture.	Experimental Physics.
Chemistry.	Geology.
Engineering.	Mathematics.
Electrical Engineering.	Mathematical Physics.

VIII. FACULTY OF COMMERCE.

Accountancy.	History.
Banking.	Italian.
Commerce.	Law.
English.	National Economics.
French.	Political Economy.
Geography.	Spanish.
German.	Statistics.

4. Each Faculty shall act as a Board of Studies for its own Department, reporting to the General Board of Studies and acting under its supervision.

5. Meetings of a Faculty shall be called by the Dean of the Faculty, subject to the approval of the Vice-Chancellor.

6. Subject to the provisions of the Charter and to the Statutes and Regulations of the University, the Faculties may, from time to time, make regulations governing their proceedings.

CHAPTER XVIII.

CONVOCAATION.

1. The Convocation of the University shall consist of the Chancellor, the Vice-Chancellor, the Members of the Senate, the Professors and Lecturers of the University, and all Registered Graduates who are enrolled as Members of Convocation.

2. The Chancellor, the Vice-Chancellor, the Members of the Senate, and the Professors and Lecturers of the University, shall be *ex-officio* Members of Convocation, entitled, as such, to be Members of it only so long as they continue to hold the offices by virtue of which they are so entitled.

3. There shall be a Clerk of Convocation. After the expiration of the powers of the Dublin Commissioners under the Act, he shall be appointed by the Senate. His salary shall be £100 a year.

4. A Roll of Convocation shall be kept in such manner as Convocation may direct. This Roll shall be conclusive evidence that any person whose name shall appear thereon at the time of his claiming to vote as a Member of Convocation, is so entitled to vote, and that any person whose name shall not then appear thereon is not so entitled.

5. The Roll shall be closed for one week before each Meeting of Convocation.

6. It shall be the duty of the Clerk to keep the Roll of Convocation, to issue notices for all Meetings of Convocation when convened by proper authority, and to perform such other duties as shall from time to time be prescribed by Convocation with the approval of the Senate.

7. A Graduate whose name has been removed by the Senate from the Register of Graduates shall thereupon cease to be a Member of Convocation, and upon notice thereof to the Clerk of Convocation he shall remove the name of such Graduate from the Roll of Convocation.

8. Each Graduate, upon making application in the prescribed form, and upon payment of a fee of five shillings, shall be entitled to be enrolled as a Member of Convocation.

9. There shall be furthermore payable by each Graduate, as a condition of his continuing membership of Convocation, either a composition fee of ten shillings or an annual fee of five shillings, until the total amount paid by him, including the fee paid by him at enrolment, shall have amounted to one pound, from which time he shall be free from all further payment.

10. The date at which the said annual fee of five shillings shall be payable in each year shall be fixed by regulation of Convocation made at its first Meeting; and in default of its being so fixed, the date shall be fixed by the Senate.

11. Any Member of Convocation whose annual fee shall remain unpaid for six months after the date on which it became payable shall, on the expiration of that period of six months, cease to be a Member thereof, subject to the right of reinstatement on payment of such sum as with the sums theretofore paid by him shall amount to one pound.

12. The said fees shall be paid to the Registrar, who, on receipt of the same, shall give to the Graduate paying the same a certificate of payment, and shall give notice thereof in writing to the Clerk of Convocation.

13. Such Graduates of the Royal University as shall be registered as Graduates of the National University of Ireland in pursuance of Section 13 of the Act, shall be entitled to enrolment as Members of Convocation, on the same conditions as if their Degrees had been conferred by the National University of Ireland.

14. Such Graduates, if they were Members of Convocation of the Royal University, upon making application within twelve months from the dissolution of the Royal University, shall be entitled to enrolment without payment of any enrolment fee.

15. Such Members of Convocation of the Royal University as shall have already compounded for the payment of the annual fee payable by them as Members of Convocation of the Royal University, shall be held to have compounded for the annual fee otherwise payable by them as Members of Convocation of the National University of Ireland.

CHAPTER XIX.

POWERS OF CONVOCATION.

1. Convocation shall have the following powers:—

- (a) To elect a person to be Chancellor of the University in succession to the present or any subsequent Chancellor;
- (b) To elect its own Chairman, who shall, in the absence of the Chancellor, be entitled to preside at its Meetings;
- (c) To elect eight of its own Members as its representatives on the Senate, after the expiration of the period of office of the present Senate;
- (d) To dissenz and pronounce an opinion on any matter whatsoever relative to the University, including any matters referred to it by the Senate;
- (e) To make from time to time regulations for the government of its proceedings, subject to the provisions of the Charter and of the Statutes and the Regulations of the University;
- (f) To make representations to the Senate on any matter affecting the University.

CHAPTER XX.

PROCEDURE OF CONVOCATION.

1. The election by Convocation of the Chancellor shall be in the manner and at the time prescribed in Chapter V. of this Statute.

2. The election by Convocation of representatives on the Senate shall be in the manner and at the time prescribed in Chapter IX. of this Statute.

3. The first Meeting of Convocation shall be held on a day to be fixed by the Chancellor, but shall not be later than six months from the dissolution of the Royal University.

4. At such first Meeting, Convocation shall elect a Chairman, who shall, in the absence of the Chancellor, be entitled to preside at its Meetings.

5. The Chairman of Convocation shall continue in office for such time as Convocation shall determine.

6. A Meeting of Convocation shall be held at least once in each year, at a date to be fixed by the Senate, and Meetings may be held at such other times as the Senate or the Chancellor shall appoint.

7. Subject to the provisions to the contrary in this Statute contained in reference to a Meeting for the election of a Chancellor, or of representatives of Convocation on the Senate, forty Members of Convocation shall form a quorum.

8. The Senate shall make provision by Regulations for the discharge of the duties of the Clerk of Convocation in the case of a vacancy of the office, or in the absence or inability of the Clerk.

CHAPTER XXI.

PROFESSORS OF THE UNIVERSITY AND LECTURERS OF THE UNIVERSITY.

1. The following persons, and no others, shall be deemed to be and shall be entitled to be styled Professors of the University or Lecturers of the University, as the case may be:—

(a) The holders of Professorships and Lectureships endowed out of the income of the University or of any Constituent College derived from public funds, including persons holding such offices by virtue of temporary appointment under Section fifteen of the Act, and the holders of such other Professorships and Lectureships as may be instituted by the University:

(b) The holders of any other Professorships and Lectureships the appointment to which is vested in the University:

(c) Subject as hereinafter mentioned, the holders of Professorships and Lectureships founded in connection with the University or in connection with any Constituent College the appointment to which is not vested in the University, if they have been recognised by the Senate of the University as Professors or Lecturers of the University :

PROVIDED that such recognition shall not be accorded unless the University is directly represented on the Body by whom the appointment is made or confirmed.

2. The Senate shall have power to contract with persons of eminence in any subject of study, not being Professors or Lecturers of the University, for special or occasional Courses of Lectures being given by them in the University or in any of the Colleges, in such subject, for such remuneration, and upon such terms, as may seem fit.

CHAPTER XXII.

APPOINTMENT OF PROFESSORS AND LECTURERS.

(a) *Appointment by Commissioners.*

1. Until the powers of the Dublin Commissioners under the Act shall have ceased, the Commissioners shall appoint the several Professors of the University and the several Lecturers of the University.

(b) *Appointment by the Senate.*

2. After the powers of the Dublin Commissioners under the Act shall have ceased, the Senate shall appoint the several Professors and Lecturers of the University, including the University Professors and University Lecturers in the Constituent Colleges.

3. On the Vice-Chancellor being informed of the occurrence of a vacancy in any Professorship or Lectureship of a Constituent College to which the University is entitled to appoint, other than a vacancy caused by the expiration of seven years from the dissolution of the Royal University, he shall communicate with the President of the College, and through him shall ascertain from the Governing Body of the College whether, in its opinion, the vacancy should be filled, and, if so, whether any variation in the terms of the appointment is desired by the Governing Body.

4. All representations made by the Governing Body respecting the vacant Professorship or Lectureship shall be laid before the Senate. If the Governing Body is of opinion that the vacancy should not be filled, it shall make the Statute necessary for that purpose, and cause the same to be laid before the Houses of Parliament. If, on the other hand, the Governing Body is of opinion that the vacancy should be filled, notice of the vacancy shall be given by advertisement.

5. Upon the expiration of the time stated in the advertisement, the Registrar of the University shall forward the applications received by him to the President of the College in which the vacancy has occurred, and shall mention a day, which shall have been fixed by the Chancellor, before which it will be necessary for the Governing Body of the College to forward to the Senate its Report and recommendations.

6. If the number of candidates be more than three, the Governing Body of the College shall be entitled to select not less than three candidates, and, if the Governing Body so desire, to place them in the order of preference, indicating its reasons for that preference. The Senate shall make the appointment from amongst the candidates so selected.

7. It shall be the duty of the Registrar to procure the Report and recommendations of the Governing Body as soon as may be, and when they have been received, to place them before the Chancellor, who shall determine whether the election to the vacant position shall be at the next ordinary Meeting of the Senate, or at a Meeting of the Senate to be specially convened for the purpose of electing to the vacant position.

(c) Appointments on Expiration of Temporary Appointments under section 15 of the Act.

8. Three months before the expiration of the period of seven years from the dissolution of the Royal University, the Registrar of the University shall give notice by public advertisement in such newspapers as shall be prescribed, of the vacancies which are about to take place amongst the Professorships and Lectureships in the University and in the Constituent Colleges, and he shall invite candidates for such Professorships or Lectureships to send in their applications on or before a date (which shall not be less than two months before the expiration of the said period of seven years) to the Registrar of the University, or to the President of the Constituent College, according as the Professorship or Lectureship is endowed out of the income of the University, or out of that of the Constituent College.

9. Upon the expiration of the time stated in the advertisement, the Registrar shall forward the applications received by him in respect of the vacancies about to occur in each of the Constituent Colleges, to the Presidents of those Colleges respectively; and the same procedure shall be adopted, in respect of filling the vacancies in those Constituent Colleges, as is proscribed in respect to the filling of casual vacancies in a Constituent College by the 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th and 7th Sections of this Chapter.

PROVIDED that none of the foregoing provisions of this Chapter shall apply to the appointment to any teaching office founded by private benefaction, and accepted by the University or by any of the Constituent Colleges under their several Charters, in case other provisions for the appointment to such office have been specified by the donor of the endowment.

10. Every Professor of the University shall upon entering into office sign the following Declaration:—

I, A.B., do hereby solemnly and sincerely declare and engage that I will faithfully discharge the duties of Professor of in the National University of Ireland, and that I will not in lecturing, teaching, examining, or in the performance of the other duties attached to my Chair, make any statement, or use any language that would be disrespectful to the religious opinions of any of my class.

11. Such Declaration shall be signed by the Professor either before the Chancellor, the Vice-Chancellor, or before the President of a Constituent College in which he may be appointed Professor.

12. Such Declaration shall be transmitted to and preserved as a Record by the Registrar.

13. The Senate may, on the recommendation of the Academic Council of any Constituent College, confer the title of Reader upon any Lecturer of the University.

CHAPTER XXIII.

TENURE OF PROFESSORS AND LECTURERS.

1. Saving the rights of existing officers, every Professor and Lecturer appointed before the expiration of the period of seven years from the dissolution of the Royal University, shall, subject to good conduct and the due fulfilment of his duties hold office until the expiration of the said period of seven years.

2. Saving the rights of existing officers, every Professor appointed after the expiration of the said period of seven years, except the Professor of Jurisprudence and Roman Law, the Professor of Constitutional Law and the Law of Public and Private Wrongs, and the Professor of the Law of Property and the Law of Contracts, in University College, Dublin, shall, subject to good conduct and the due fulfilment of his duties, hold office until he shall have attained the age of 65 years, and may thereafter be continued in office for five further years.

PROVIDED that such further continuance in office is sanctioned by the Senate annually, and, if the Professor is attached to a Constituent College, is approved of by the Governing Body and by the President of such College.

3. The excepted Professors shall hold office for seven years.

CHAPTER XXIV.

THE DUTIES OF PROFESSORS AND LECTURERS.

1. Every Professor and every Lecturer shall—

(a) in respect of the lectures to be given by him, conform to the Regulations applicable to his Chair.

(b) give to the Students attending his ordinary lectures assistance in their studies, by advice, by informal instruction, by occasional and periodical examination, and otherwise, as he may judge to be expedient. For receiving Students who may desire such assistance, such stated times shall be appointed during the period in which he lectures, as he shall think fit to assign.

2. Every Full-time Professor shall, so far as it is compatible with the other duties of his Chair, devote himself to research and the advancement of knowledge.

3. A Professor or Lecturer in a Constituent College shall comply with the Statutes and Regulations of the Constituent College as well as with those of the University in respect to all matters relating to his duties.

CHAPTER XXV.

MATRICULATED STUDENTS.

1. Every person who shall have passed the Matriculation Examination, shall have paid to the University the prescribed Matriculation Fee, and shall have signed a Declaration to the University in the prescribed form to observe and obey its Statutes and Regulations, shall be a Matriculated Student of the University.

2. Regulations shall prescribe the place and time at which, and the manner in which, the Students of the Constituent Colleges and the other Students of the University shall sign the Declaration; and the mode of transmission to the Registrar of such of those Declarations as shall not have been signed in the University.

CHAPTER XXVI.

REGISTERS OF THE UNIVERSITY.

1. There shall be a Register of Graduates, which shall be in the prescribed form, and shall contain the name and address of each Graduate, the Degrees which have been conferred upon him, the dates on which they were so conferred, and such other particulars as shall be prescribed.

2. The Register shall be conclusive evidence of the right of every person whose name shall appear therein to the Degree therein stated to have been conferred upon him.

3 Regulations shall prescribe the manner in which the names, addresses, and other particulars to be inserted in such Register, shall be ascertained.

4. There shall also be such Registers of the Authorities of the University, of the Professors of the University, of the Lecturers of the University, and of other Members of the University, as shall be prescribed; and the same shall be kept in such manner and form, and shall contain such particulars, as shall be prescribed.

CHAPTER XXVII.

THE CONSTITUENT COLLEGES.

1. The Constituent Colleges of the University are—

University College, Dublin.

University College, Cork.

University College, Galway.

2. After the powers of the Dublin Commissioners under the Act shall have ceased, the Senate shall appoint the Presidents of the Constituent Colleges.

3. Whenever the office of President of a Constituent College becomes vacant, in the appointment to such vacancy by the Senate the following conditions shall be observed :—

- (a) The Vice-Chancellor shall request the Acting President or Deputy President of the College, or in case there shall not be any Acting President or Deputy President, then the Senior Professor of the College, to obtain and furnish to the Registrar the representations of the Governing Body of the College as to the filling of the vacancy ;
- (b) The Senate shall consider those representations ;
- (c) If the number of candidates be more than three, the Governing Body of the College shall be entitled to select not less than three candidates, and if the Governing Body so desires, to place them in the order of preference, indicating their reasons for that preference. The Senate shall make the appointment from amongst the candidates so selected.

4. The appointment of a President of a Constituent College shall be made by the Senate at a Meeting thereof at which the representations of the Governing Body of the College in reference to the appointment shall be considered.

5. The appointment by the Senate of the Members of the Governing Bodies of the Constituent Colleges which the Senate is entitled to appoint shall be at the times and in the modes prescribed by the Statutes of the Constituent Colleges.

CHAPTER XXVIII.

OFFICERS AND CLERKS.

1. There shall be in the University a Registrar, a Chief Clerk, an Accountant Clerk, and two other Clerks.

2. The salary of the Registrar appointed by the Charter shall be £1,000 a year ; and that of his successors £500, rising by annual increments of £25 to £700 a year.

3. The salary of the Chief Clerk shall be £350 a year, rising by yearly increments of £10 to £450 a year. If the present Second Clerk and Librarian of the Royal University be appointed to this office, he shall be, from the dissolution of the Royal University, entitled to commence at the salary of £400 a year.

4. The salary of the Accountant Clerk shall be £200 a year, rising by yearly increments of £10 to £250 a year.

5. The salary of the Third Clerk shall commence at £150 a year, and rise by yearly increments of £10 to £200 a year, and the salary of the Fourth Clerk shall commence at £100, and rise by yearly increments of £10 to £150 a year. In the event of a Clerk of the Royal University being appointed to the Fourth Clerkship, he shall at once be put upon the maximum salary of £150 a year.

CHAPTER XXIX.

THE REGISTRAR.

1. The Registrar, in the manner and subject to such directions as may be prescribed, shall keep the Register of Graduates, and the other Registers of the University.

2. He shall use due care to preserve or otherwise provide for the safe custody of all such muniments, records, writings, and documents as may be entrusted to him; and shall lodge in such Bank as shall be appointed by the Senate, or in such other custody as may be prescribed, all such muniments and securities of the University as may be directed by the Senate.

3. He shall be responsible for the publication, after each University Examination, in such manner as may be prescribed, of the lists of the successful candidates at such Examination.

4. After each Examination, he shall satisfy himself that all Statutes and Regulations relating to the admission to the Degrees and other Academic Distinctions proposed to be conferred upon Students have been observed by the Students upon whom it is proposed that such Degrees and Distinctions shall be conferred.

5. He shall prepare the Testimoniums for the Degrees, and the Diplomas and Certificates evidencing the other Academic Distinctions intended to be conferred; and shall lay the same before the Chancellor for his consideration and signature; and shall call the attention of the Chancellor to any irregularity which may exist in the title of any of the Students to receive the Degrees or other Academic Distinctions intended to be conferred upon them.

6. Upon the expiration of office of the Governing Body of a Constituent College, and also upon notice of a casual vacancy in any Governing Body to which the Senate is entitled to appoint, the Registrar shall do all necessary acts to have the vacancies to which the Senate shall be entitled to appoint duly filled by election, at the time and in the manner prescribed by the Statutes of the respective Constituent Colleges.

7. He shall have charge of the University Buildings, and he shall present to the Standing Committee an annual Report as to their condition, and as to any repairs, alterations, or additions that he shall be of opinion may be required.

8. He shall superintend and control the keeping of the Books of Account of the University, and he shall use due care that such Books shall be kept in the form in which the Treasury shall direct the Accounts mentioned in Section 7 of the Act to be prepared, or as near thereto as conveniently may be.

9. He shall, once in each year, present to the Finance Committee, for submission to the Senate, a statement of the Income and Expenditure of the University, in such form as is required by the Act; and also an Estimate of the Income and Expenditure for the coming year.

10. He shall pay into the Banking Account of the University, within one week from the receipt thereof, all moneys received on account of the University.

11. He shall check all Accounts payable by the University, and lay same before the Finance Committee, with his opinion thereon. He shall present for the signature of two Members of the Finance Committee cheques for all sums which he shall certify to be due on such Accounts, and shall countersign the same.

12. He shall supervise the Matriculation Examination at such Centres, if any, other than those in the Constituent or Recognised Colleges, as may be directed by the Senate.

13. He shall also, if so directed by the Senate, supervise any Examinations of the University subsequent to that for Matriculation which may be held in Centres in Dublin not being in a Constituent College or in a Recognised College.

14. He shall supervise the preparation and publication of the University Calendar.

15. He shall be responsible for the summoning of all Meetings of the Senate, and of its Committees, of the General Board of Studies and of its Committees, of the Faculties and of their Committees; and he shall be the Administrative Officer for the carrying out of any Resolutions adopted at such Meetings.

16. He shall conduct the correspondence of the University.

17. He shall have power from time to time to appoint such number of servants for the care of the University Buildings as the Senate may direct, and from time to time to dismiss the same.

18. He shall have power to suspend until the next meeting of the Standing Committee, any of the Clerks assigned to assist him in the performance of the duties of his office.

19. He shall perform all such other duties in relation to the University as may be prescribed by Regulations.

PROVIDED that during the continuance in office of the Registrar appointed by the Charter, no duty shall be so prescribed in respect of his office which is not similar or analogous to those of his existing office.

CHAPTER XXXI.

THE DUTIES OF THE CLERKS.

(a) *Duties of the Chief Clerk.*

1. The Chief Clerk shall be the confidential Clerk of the Senate, of the General Board of Studies, and of the Faculties, and he shall attend all Meetings of these bodies, and of their Committees, and shall record the attendance of Members at all such Meetings, and keep the minutes of the proceedings thereat.

2. He shall assist the Registrar in the discharge of his duties, and shall perform all such other duties in relation to the University as may be prescribed.

(b) Duties of the other Clerks.

3. The Accountant Clerk and the other Clerks shall, respectively, assist the Registrar in the performance of his duties, in such manner as shall be prescribed.

CHAPTER XXXI.

SUBJECTS OF STUDY.

The subjects which shall respectively be studied for the several Degrees and other Academic Distinctions of the University shall be prescribed by Regulations.

CHAPTER XXXII.

APPROVED COURSES OF STUDY.

1. Except as is provided in Section 5 of this Chapter, an Approved Course of Study shall mean a Course of Study in the subjects prescribed by the Senate for obtaining a Degree or other Academic Distinction, which Course has been approved for that purpose by the Senate by Regulations.

2. Save where otherwise provided by the Statutes, such an Approved Course of Study may be pursued by a Student—

(a) in the University ; or

(b) in a Constituent College ; or

(c) in a Recognized College, but to the extent only of the subjects in the Course in respect of which such College is recognized ;
or

(d) partly in the University and partly in one or more of the Constituent or Recognized Colleges, or partly in one of the Constituent Colleges or Recognized Colleges and partly in another or others of them ; or

(e) in respect of such subjects of prescribed instruction as cannot conveniently be pursued in a College, or in respect of other special subjects, and in respect of Courses of Study for Post-graduate Students, in such other places as may be prescribed by Regulations.

3. Courses of Study which may be so approved may consist of any Courses of prescribed instruction, whether the same shall be—

(a) Courses of lectures ;

(b) Courses of catechetical instruction ;

(c) Courses of clinical instruction in hospitals or other like institutions ;

(d) Courses of practical work in laboratories, railway, manufacturing or other workshops, works, or offices, or in mines, or on the open ground ;

(e) courses of research in any University or College, Public Office, or other Record Office or muniment room, Library, Museum, or other place, or amongst ancient or other monuments, whether any such University or other place be in the United Kingdom or in any other country, provided the same shall be undertaken or carried on by the direction or under the supervision of the prescribed Professor or Lecturer.

4. The enumeration of the particulars in the foregoing section shall not abridge the generality of the expression "any Courses of Study."

5. The Senate

(a) may accept the periods of study passed by Students of the University at other Universities as equivalent to such parts of Approved Courses of Study as the Senate may by Regulation determine; and

(b) may accept particular Courses of Study in special subjects taken in other places by students who are pursuing Courses of Study in the University or in a Constituent College, or in a Recognised College, as component parts of Approved Courses of Study, provided that the Senate is satisfied that the instruction given in such special subjects is adequate.

6. The Senate may withdraw such acceptance of any Course of Study or any acceptance of a Course of Study at any time.

7. A Constituent College may propose, for the approval of the Senate, Courses of Study for its own students in the several subjects which under the University Regulations are studied in the College for the Degrees and other Academic Distinctions of the University, and may from time to time propose modifications in such Courses; but no such Course or modification thereof shall be adopted in the College until approved, or provisionally approved, by the Senate.

8. The Senate shall not finally approve any such Course of Studies or any modification thereof, unless it is satisfied that an academic training of adequate standard, breadth, and duration is thereby provided.

9. In case no special Course of Study for a Constituent College or for a Recognised College is approved by the Senate, Regulations of the Senate shall, so far as may be necessary, prescribe Courses of Study for the College.

10. The Senate may approve, upon such conditions as may be prescribed by Regulations, a Course of Study of a University type taken in a Recognised College as equivalent to such parts, or, if the Senate so determine, to the whole, of an Approved Course of Study taken at the University, in any subject in respect of which such College is recognized, and may withdraw or modify such approval at any time. Courses of Study so approved shall, so far as the approval extends, be deemed to be "Approved Courses of Study" within the meaning of this Statute.

11. The duration of approved periods of study when pursued at the University, or at any of the Constituent Colleges, shall be measured

by the Terms of the University. The duration of a period of study when pursued elsewhere than in the University or in one of its Constituent or Recognised Colleges shall be prescribed by the Senate, but no such period shall be less than the average length of a Term of the University.

12. No Student shall be entitled to avail himself of Courses of Study as part of his qualification for a Degree unless during the continuance of the same he shall retain his name on the books of the University as a Student pursuing such Courses of Study.

CHAPTER XXXIII.

THE TERMS OF THE UNIVERSITY.

There shall be three Terms in each year, called respectively the Michaelmas Term, the Hilary Term, and the Trinity Term. The commencement and termination of the Terms shall be fixed by Regulations.

CHAPTER XXXIV.

EXAMINATION CENTRES.

1. The Examinations of the University shall be held at such places, to be known as "Examination Centres," as the Senate may by Regulations prescribe.

2. Such Centres may be prescribed to be held in all or any of the following places:

- (a) The University;
- (b) Any Constituent College,
- (c) Any Recognised College, or
- (d) Any other place which the Senate may deem fit and convenient for the purpose.

3. It shall not be necessary that the Examinations at every Examination Centre shall extend to all the subjects of study prescribed by the University.

4. An Examination Centre shall be constituted within each Constituent College which the Senate shall have determined to be in a position adequately to provide, at its own charge, the proper buildings, furniture, and other means necessary for the Examination.

5. If a Centre is constituted in a Recognised College, the Examinations at that College shall not necessarily be confined to the Examination of the Students of the College, if there is sufficient room therein for the examination of other Students.

6. Regulations shall prescribe—

- (a) the time at which, and the manner in which, Students shall give notice of their intention to present themselves for Examination;
- (b) the time and manner in which Students shall specify the subjects of study in which, and the place at which, they intend to present themselves for Examination.

CHAPTER XXXV.

THE MATRICULATION EXAMINATION.

1. The University may by Regulations recognise the Matriculation Examination or any other examination of any University in Ireland or elsewhere, or any examination of any public Educational Authority in His Majesty's dominions, as exempting from the Matriculation Examination, or from any defined part of it, Students who shall have already passed such recognised Examination.

2. A Student so exempted shall, on payment of the prescribed fee, be deemed, for the purposes of this Statute, to have passed the Matriculation Examination, or the part of it from which he shall have been exempted.

3. There shall be a common Matriculation Examination for the Students desiring to enter the University, who shall not have been exempted under the foregoing Sections.

4. The subjects of study for the Matriculation Examination, the conditions for passing it, and its other details, shall be proposed by the General Board of Studies, shall be submitted to the Academic Council of each Constituent College, and shall be prescribed by the Senate by Regulations made after consideration of the Report of the General Board of Studies, and the objections, if any, of the Academic Council of any Constituent College.

5. The Examination Papers set in any subject for the Matriculation Examination shall be submitted to the approval of the Teachers of that subject in each of the Constituent Colleges, and shall be subject to the approval of the Teachers in that subject in at least two of the Constituent Colleges.

6. The Matriculation Examination shall be conducted by such of the University Professors and University Lecturers in the Constituent Colleges as may be selected by the Senate for this purpose. Assistant Examiners, so far as may be required for this Examination, and Superintendents, shall be appointed by the Standing Committee.

CHAPTER XXXVI.

EXAMINATIONS SUBSEQUENT TO MATRICULATION.

1. At least one independent and Extern Examiner shall be appointed by the Senate in each subject or group of subjects of study for the Examination of Candidates, either for Degrees, or for University Studentships, Scholarships, or other Prizes.

2. All such Examinations shall be conducted by Professors of the University and Extern Examiners, with such Lecturers of the University and Recognised Teachers as the Senate may, from time to time, appoint.

3. The Examinations for Degrees in Constituent Colleges shall be conducted by such Professors and Lecturers of the College as the Senate shall appoint, in association with Extern Examiners.

4. The Examinations for Academic Distinctions other than Degrees shall be held at such places and under such conditions as the Senate may prescribe. They may be the same Examinations, or some of the same Examinations, as shall be prescribed in reference to qualifications for Degrees.

5. The Senate shall determine by Regulations the Examinations passed by Students of this University at other Universities which shall be accepted as equivalent to particular Examinations in this University.

CHAPTER XXXVII

THE CONDUCT OF THE EXAMINATIONS.

1. In a Constituent College which has obtained permission to hold the University Examinations for Degrees within the College, the Examination shall be conducted under the following conditions:—

- (a) The Examiners in each subject, including the Extern Examiners, shall confer with one another by letter or otherwise as to the Papers which are to be set for the Examination. Each Examiner shall read all the answers, and shall independently estimate the value of the papers. At a subsequent Conference, the Examiners shall jointly decide as to the marks which shall be awarded to each paper.
- (b) In any case in which there is an oral or practical Examination, or both, the Examiners, in each subject, including the Extern Examiners, shall examine every candidate in that subject, and shall jointly estimate the mark that is to be awarded for such part of the Examination.
- (c) After each Examination, the Examiners, including the Extern Examiners, who have examined in the various subjects in which Examinations shall have been held at that Examination Centre shall meet together. The Chairman of such Meeting shall be the President of the College, or his Deputy.
- (d) The Supervisor of Examinations at the Centre shall be present, and shall act as Secretary of the Meeting.
- (e) At such Meeting a table of results shall be drawn up which shall contain the marks assigned to each Candidate.
- (f) In case there shall be any difference of opinion among the Examiners which, after consultation between them, shall not be solved at the Meeting, such difference shall be stated at the foot of the table of results.

- (g) This table of results shall be attested by the signatures of the Chairman, of the Supervisor, and of all the Examiners, and shall be forwarded by the Supervisor to the Registrar of the University.
- (h) Any difference of opinion amongst the Examiners which shall have been stated upon the table of results shall be reported by the Standing Committee, with their opinion thereon, to the Senate, and shall be determined by the Senate, whose decision shall be final.

2. In any Recognised College the foregoing provisions of this Chapter will apply, with the following exception:—

The Dean or other Superior Officer of such College shall be the Chairman of the Meeting of the Examiners.

3. In the event of an Examination being held in Dublin elsewhere than in a Constituent or Recognised College, the provisions of Section 1 of this Chapter shall apply, with the following exception:—

The Registrar of the University, or his Deputy, shall act as Supervisor of the Examinations; and the Registrar, if present, shall act as President at the meeting of Examiners; and in the absence of the Registrar, the Examiners present shall elect the Chairman.

CHAPTER XXXVIII.

DUTY OF EQUALISING STANDARDS OF KNOWLEDGE.

Due care and diligence shall be used by the Examiners, the Faculties, the General Board of Studies, and the Senate, in the exercise of their respective duties under the Charter and the Statutes, to equalise, as far as may be possible, the standards of knowledge and attainments implied in the Degrees and other Academic Distinctions conferred upon Candidates who have pursued Approved Courses of Study at the University, or at a Constituent College, or at a Recognised College, and upon other Students, so far as Degrees or other Academical Distinctions may be conferred upon other Students.

CHAPTER XXXIX.

THE EXAMINERS.

1. Examiners, including Extern Examiners, shall be appointed by the Senate annually. Each appointment of an Extern Examiner shall be made after the Senate shall have received from the General Board of Studies a Report based upon recommendations obtained by the Board from the University Professors and University Lecturers in the subject, or group of subjects, in which the Examiner is to be appointed.

2. The same Extern Examiner shall examine at all the Examination Centres at the same Examination.

3. An Extern Examiner who has held office for three years shall not be eligible for re-appointment, until after such interval, being not less than one year, as the Senate may by Regulations prescribe.

4. Extern Examiners shall be paid such remuneration as may be prescribed by Regulations.

5. A University Professor or University Lecturer, who, at the time of the coming into operation of the Act, was a Professor or Lecturer in the Queen's College, Cork, or in the Queen's College, Galway, shall not be bound by virtue of his office as a Professor or Lecturer of the University, to examine Students other than those of the Constituent College in which he shall be a University Professor or a University Lecturer.

6. If the Senate, with the consent of a Constituent College, shall think fit to direct Students of the University other than those of such Constituent College, to be examined in that Constituent College, the Senate shall have power to agree with any of the University Professors or University Lecturers in the College who come within the description of Professors or Lecturers in the preceding Section, to examine such other Students, for such remuneration and on such terms, as may be agreed upon; and in default of such agreement, or so far as no such agreement shall extend, to make such other provision as it may think fit for the Examination of such other Students in such Constituent College, in all or any of the subjects of Examination.

7. It shall be the duty of a University Professor or University Lecturer whose Professorship or Lectureship is endowed out of the income of a Constituent College, not being a Professor or Lecturer mentioned in Section 5 of this Chapter, to examine in the Constituent College of which he is a Professor or Lecturer all Students who under the prescribed Regulations are entitled to be examined at any Centre which may be constituted in the College, although some of such Students may not be Students of the College. During the period of five years from the dissolution of the Royal University, and during that period only, such Professor or Lecturer shall be entitled to be paid by the University for the Examination of such of those Students as are not members of the College such reasonable sum as the Senate may determine. In determining such sum the Senate shall have regard to the number of the Students examined who are not Students of the College, and shall not have regard to the amount of the remuneration fixed by the Royal University for their Examiners.

8. A Professor or Lecturer who held office in a Constituent College on the 30th day of September, 1908, and who exercises the power of election conferred upon him by Statute A. of that College by electing to receive the salary which he theretofore enjoyed in the College instead of that provided for him by that Statute, shall be paid by the University such sum as the Senate shall appoint for examining at the University Examinations the Student Members of the Constituent College of which he is a Professor or Lecturer.

CHAPTER XL.

SUPERVISORS OF EXAMINATIONS.

1. The Senate shall appoint a Supervisor of Examinations at each Examination Centre. Such Supervisor shall be responsible to the University

- (a) for the conduct of all Examinations held in that Examination Centre;
- (b) for the custody and secrecy of the Examination papers, and
- (c) for the transmission of the results of the Examinations to the Registrar.

2. Regulations shall prescribe the duties of the Supervisor at the Examinations, including his remuneration and the manner in which he shall deal with Candidates charged with irregularities.

CHAPTER XLI.

DEGREES.

1. The University may confer the following Degrees upon Students who, under conditions laid down in the Statutes and Regulations, have completed Approved Courses of Study of the prescribed duration, and have passed the prescribed Examinations of the University, and fulfilled all the prescribed conditions.

A.—IN THE FACULTY OF ARTS.

Bachelor of Arts (B.A.).

Bachelor of Music (B.MUS.).

Master of Arts (M.A.).

Doctor of Literature (D.LITT.).

Doctor of Music (D.MUS.).

B.—IN THE FACULTY OF PHILOSOPHY AND SOCIOLOGY.

Doctor of Philosophy (D.PHIL.).

C.—IN THE FACULTY OF CELTIC STUDIES.

Master of Celtic Studies (M.LITT.CELT.).

Doctor of Celtic Studies (D.LITT.CELT.).

D.—IN THE FACULTY OF SCIENCE.

Bachelor of Science (B.SC.).

Bachelor of Agricultural Science (B.AGR.SC.).

Master of Science (M.SC.).

Master of Agricultural Science (M.AGR.SC.).

Doctor of Science (D.SC.).

E.—IN THE FACULTY OF LAW.

Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.).

Doctor of Laws (LL.D.).

F.—IN THE FACULTY OF MEDICINE.

Bachelor of Medicine (M.B.), Bachelor of Surgery (B.CH.).
 Bachelor of Obstetrics (B.A.O.).

Bachelor of Science, Public Health (B.SC., PUBLIC HEALTH).

Master of Surgery (M.CH.).

Master of Obstetrics (M.A.O.).

Doctor of Medicine (M.D.).

Doctor of Science, Public Health (D.SC., PUBLIC HEALTH).

Bachelor of Dental Surgery (B.D.S.).

Master of Dental Surgery (M.D.S.).

G.—IN THE FACULTY OF ENGINEERING.

Bachelor of Engineering (B.E.).

Bachelor of Architecture (B.ARCH.).

Master of Engineering (M.E.).

Master of Architecture (M.ARCH.).

H.—IN THE FACULTY OF COMMERCE.

Bachelor of Commerce (B.COMM.).

Master of Commerce (M.COMM.).

CHAPTER XLII.

GENERAL CONDITIONS AS TO QUALIFICATIONS FOR PRIMARY DEGREES.

1. The following Degrees shall be known as Primary Degrees:—

Bachelor of Arts; Bachelor of Music; Bachelor of Science;
 Bachelor of Agricultural Science; Bachelor of Medicine,
 Bachelor of Surgery, Bachelor of Obstetrics; Bachelor
 of Dental Surgery; Bachelor of Engineering; Bachelor
 of Architecture; Bachelor of Commerce.

2. A Student shall not be admitted to receive any Primary Degree unless he shall have pursued, after Matriculation, an Approved Course of Study for at least nine Terms in the subjects prescribed to be studied for such Degree, and shall have passed at least two University Examinations in those subjects, viz., the First University Examination and the Degree Examination.

3. A Student shall be deemed to have pursued such an Approved Course of Study in the prescribed subjects who shall have kept at least nine Terms, not necessarily consecutive, by attendance at the prescribed Courses of instruction in such subjects.

4. Regulations shall also prescribe the number of lectures or of other occasions of instruction of which each Course shall consist, the period of time over which the Course shall extend, and the minimum attendance which shall be deemed to be attendance at the Course.

5. In case any special Course of Lectures is given in the University or in a Constituent College by the President of a Constituent College, or,

by arrangement with the Senate, by a person not being a Professor or Lecturer of the University, the Senate may direct that attendance by Students, or by a particular class of Students, on such Course shall be substituted for attendance by them during the same Term at some other Course or Courses of Lectures either in the University or in one or more of the Colleges.

6. The Senate shall have power by special Resolution to allow one Term or two Terms, but not more than two Terms, of the prescribed number of nine, to be counted as kept by a Candidate for a Primary Degree in Arts although he may not have attended the whole or any portion of the prescribed Course of Study during such Term or Terms; provided that the cause of absence be considered sufficiently grave by the Senate, and be stated in the Resolution. The Terms so allowed shall be deemed to have been kept within the meaning of this Statute.

7. The Senate shall have power to make such Regulations as it may deem fit for admitting Undergraduate Students who have kept Terms at another University, and for counting the Terms so kept instead of Terms kept in this University.

PROVIDED that the first-mentioned University has been approved for the purpose by the Senate; that the whole time of attendance at lectures or other Courses of instruction is in every case not less than that which is required by the Statutes for obtaining a Degree; and

PROVIDED also that not less than three Terms have been kept in this University in addition to any which he may be allowed under Section 6 of this Chapter.

8. A Student shall not be admitted to receive the Degree of Bachelor of Architecture unless he

(a) shall have pursued an Approved Course of Study of not less than nine Terms;

(b) shall also for a period of not less than two years have been engaged in practical Architectural work, making in all a period of five years from the date of his Matriculation; and

(c) shall have passed the prescribed Examinations.

9. A Student shall not be admitted to the Degree of Bachelor of Dental Surgery unless a period of not less than four years shall have elapsed from the date of his Matriculation, during which period he shall have pursued an Approved Course of Study of not less than nine Terms.

10. The Degrees of M.B., B.Ch., and B.A.O. shall be conferred only at the same time and after the same Course of Study. A Student shall not be admitted to the final Examination for these Degrees unless he has

(a) completed the prescribed Course of Study in the Faculty of Medicine, extending over a period of not less than five academic years from the date of his Registration as a Student of Medicine by the General Medical Council;

(b) passed the Examinations prescribed; and

(c) attained the age of 21 years.

11. The Senate shall not confer the Degrees of M.B., B.Ch., and B.A.O. upon any person who has not attended at the University or at one or more of its Constituent Colleges during three years at least the Courses of Study prescribed for such Degrees. The Senate may accept for not more than two years of the required five, Courses of Study pursued in any other University or School of Medicine recognized for this purpose by the Senate.

CHAPTER XLIII.

GENERAL CONDITIONS AS TO QUALIFICATIONS FOR HIGHER DEGREES.

(a.) *The Degrees of LL.B., and B.Sc., Public Health.*

1. A candidate shall not be admitted to receive the Degree of Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.) unless he

(a.) shall have received the Degree of Bachelor of Arts at least two years previously.

(b.) shall have pursued an Approved Course of Study in the Faculty of Law of not less than nine Terms, of which six at least shall be subsequent to his passing the Examination for the Degree of B.A.; and

(c.) shall have passed the prescribed Examinations.

2. A candidate shall not be admitted to receive the Degree of Bachelor of Science, Public Health, unless he

(a.) shall have received the Degrees of M.B., B.Ch., and B.A.O., at least one year previously;

(b.) shall have pursued an Approved Course of Study in the Faculty of Medicine; and

(c.) shall have passed the prescribed Examination.

(b.) *The Degree of Master.*

3. A Candidate who shall have obtained the Degree of Bachelor in any Faculty in which the Degree of Master is granted by the University other than the Faculties of Arts, of Celtic Studies, and of Science, shall be eligible to receive the Degree of Master in that Faculty, after the expiration of the time in the next section mentioned from his primary Degree. Provided that to the satisfaction of the General Board of Studies he shall have

(a.) passed the Examinations prescribed for the Degree; and either

(b.) written and presented a satisfactory Dissertation; or

(c.) complied with such conditions, and performed such other exercises, as may be prescribed for the purpose of qualifying for the Degree.

4. A Candidate shall not be eligible to obtain any of the Degrees hereinafter mentioned until not less than the respective periods hereinafter specified shall have elapsed from the time of conferring on the Candidate the Primary Degree in the same Faculty, that is to say:—

Master of Engineering, three years after Bachelor of Engineering.

Master of Architecture, three years after Bachelor of Architecture.

Master of Surgery, three years after Bachelor of Surgery.

Master of Obstetrics, three years after Bachelor of Obstetrics.

Master of Dental Surgery, three years after Bachelor of Dental Surgery.

Master of Agricultural Science, three years after Bachelor of Agricultural Science.

Master of Commerce, three years after Bachelor of Commerce.

PROVIDED that the Degree of Master of Surgery or Master of Obstetrics may be obtained in two years by a Graduate in Medicine or Surgery who is also a Graduate in Arts or in Science.

5. The following Students shall be eligible to receive the Degree of Master of Arts :—

I. Bachelors of Arts of at least one year's standing, who, after graduation,

(a) shall have pursued for one year an approved Post-Graduate Course in Arts ;

(b) shall have written and presented a satisfactory Dissertation, based upon the work done or study pursued by him during the year ;

(c) shall have performed such other exercises as may be prescribed to that end.

II. Bachelors of Arts of at least two years' standing, who, after graduation,

(a) shall have written and presented a satisfactory Dissertation;

(b) shall have passed a special Examination for the Degree ; and

(c) shall have performed such other exercises as may be prescribed to that end.

6. The following Students shall be eligible to receive the Degree of Master of Celtic Studies :—

I. Bachelors of Arts of at least one year's standing who, after graduation,

(a) shall have pursued for one year a prescribed Post-Graduate Course in Celtic Studies ;

(b) shall have written and presented a satisfactory Dissertation based upon the work done or the study pursued by him during the year ; and

(c) shall have performed such other exercises as may be prescribed to that end.

II. Bachelors of Arts of at least two years' standing, who, after graduation,

(a) shall have written and presented a satisfactory Dissertation ;

(b) shall have passed a special examination for the Degree ; and

(c) shall have performed such other exercises as may be prescribed for that end.

7. The following Students shall be eligible to receive the Degree of Master of Science (M.Sc.) :—

I. Bachelors of Science of at least one year's standing, who, after graduation,

- (a) shall have pursued for one year in the Faculty of Science an approved Post-Graduate Course of Study ;
- (b) shall have written and presented a satisfactory Dissertation on the work done or study pursued during the year ; and
- (c) shall have performed such other exercises as may be prescribed to that end.

II. Bachelors of Science of at least two years' standing, who, after graduation,

- (a) shall have written and presented a satisfactory Dissertation (the subject of which shall have been approved by the Dean of the Faculty concerned and by the Board of Studies) ;
- (b) shall have passed a special Examination for the Degree ; and
- (c) shall have performed such other exercises as may be prescribed to that end.

(c) *The Degree of Doctor.*

8. A candidate shall not be eligible to obtain any of the Degrees hereinafter mentioned until not less than the respective periods hereinafter specified shall have elapsed from the time of conferring the Primary Degree mentioned, that is to say :—

- Doctor of Literature, five years after Bachelor of Arts.
- Doctor of Philosophy, five years after Bachelor of Arts.
- Doctor of Celtic Studies, five years after Bachelor of Arts.
- Doctor of Science, five years after Bachelor of Science or Bachelor of Arts.
- Doctor of Laws, five years after Bachelor of Laws.
- Doctor of Medicine, three years after Bachelor of Medicine.
- Doctor of Science, Public Health, three years after Bachelor of Science, Public Health.
- Doctor of Music, five years after Bachelor of Music.

PROVIDED that the Degree of Doctor of Medicine may be obtained in two years by a Graduate in Medicine and Surgery who is also a Graduate in Arts or in Science.

9. In the Faculties of Arts, Celtic Studies, Philosophy, Science, Law, and Music, the Degree of Doctor shall be given only on original work, which shall be supplemented by an Examination, unless, in the judgment of the General Board of Studies, acting on the advice of Examiners appointed by the General Board of Studies, who may or may not be Members of the Faculty concerned, the Examination, in view of the excellence of the original work submitted by the candidate, may be wholly or in part dispensed with.

10. The work to be submitted by a candidate for the Degree of Doctor of Literature, of Celtic Studies, of Philosophy, or of Science, must be a published work, which either shows original thought, or

embodies such results of personal research as to be in the judgment of the Examiners worthy of recognition by the University as adding to the sum of existing knowledge of the subject treated.

11. The work to be submitted by a candidate for the Degree of Doctor of Laws must be a contribution to the advancement of the study of Law or of the Science of Law, which in the judgment of the Examiners is worthy of recognition by such Degree.

12. The Degree of Doctor of Medicine, or Doctor of Science, Public Health may be conferred either

- (a) after Examination; or
- (b) on the submission of published work embodying the results of personal observations or original research, which, in the judgment of the Examiners of the Medical Faculty, appointed by the General Board of Studies, shall be considered satisfactory as a qualification for the Degree.

13. A Candidate for the Degree of Doctor of Music must submit an original Composition, of a form and structure to be prescribed by Regulations. If the work submitted by the Candidate is approved by the Examiners, he will be admitted to an Examination in which he must answer in subjects to be prescribed by Regulations. There shall be, in addition, a Practical Examination at which the Candidate will be required to perform certain prescribed pieces, and also to perform at sight, on certain prescribed instruments.

14. Degrees may also be granted—

- (a) to persons who hold offices in the University or in the Constituent Colleges, as Professors, Lecturers, or otherwise;
- (b) to Graduates of other Universities whom the University may decide to admit to Degrees of equal or similar rank in the University;
- (c) to Students who shall have carried on independent research in the University or in a Constituent College;
- (d) to approved persons who shall be selected for Honorary Degrees.

15. "Year" in relation to a Candidate for a Degree, shall be the period of twelve calendar months from the date of his Matriculation or of his previous Degree, as the case may be.

PROVIDED that in the case of a Student matriculating in the month of October, who shall keep nine consecutive Terms, the year in which he shall have kept his ninth Term shall, for the purpose of enabling such Student to obtain a Degree, be deemed to terminate in the month of July in the then current year.

CHAPTER XLIV.

MODE OF CONFERRING DEGREES.

1. Degrees shall be conferred by the Chancellor, or, in his absence, by the Vice-Chancellor, or one of the Pro-Vice-Chancellors.

2. In case any Constituent College obtains permission to hold the University Examinations for Degrees within the College, the Degrees obtained by Students of that College shall, if the College so desires, be conferred in the city or town in which the College is situated, either in the College or in some suitable hall approved by the Governing Body.

3. Regulations shall lay down the procedure to be followed in the conferring of Degrees.

CHAPTER XLV.

ACADEMIC DISTINCTIONS OTHER THAN DEGREES.

1. The following Academic Distinctions, other than Degrees, may be conferred by the University.

2. Diplomas in the Faculty of Arts may be granted to Matriculated Students of the University who, although they may not have pursued Approved Courses of Study, shall have passed the prescribed Examinations in groups of not less than four of the subjects assigned to the Faculty of Arts.

3. Diplomas may also be granted in the following subjects :—

Public Health, Celtic Studies, Commerce, Journalism, Agriculture, Music, Applied Science, Education, Architecture, Veterinary Hygiene,

to Matriculated Students of the University who shall have completed Courses of Study approved for the purpose, and shall have passed the prescribed Examinations.

PROVIDED that the Diploma in Public Health shall not be granted except to a registered medical practitioner.

4. A Diploma in Applied Science shall state the branch of Applied Science in which it has been conferred.

5. In the Faculty of Commerce, Certificates may be granted to persons who have pursued, in a Constituent or Recognised College, or elsewhere, Courses of Study prescribed for that purpose, and have passed a prescribed Examination in at least four of the subjects assigned to that Faculty, of which subjects one at least shall be a language other than English.

6. Certificates in Music may be granted to persons who have pursued, in a Constituent or Recognised College, or elsewhere, Courses of Study prescribed for that purpose, and have passed a prescribed examination.

7. The Diploma or Certificate which shall attest the conferring by the University of an Academic Distinction other than a Degree shall be in such form, and shall be issued in such manner, as the Senate shall prescribe by Regulations.

CHAPTER XLVI.

STUDENTSHIPS.

1. There shall be offered each year for competition amongst the Graduates of the University of not more than three years' standing, three Travelling Studentships, each of which shall be tenable for three years, and shall be of the annual value of Two Hundred Pounds.

2. No Studentship shall be awarded unless in the judgment of the Examiners sufficient merit has been shown.

3. Each of the Studentships shall be held upon the condition that the Student shall during each year of his tenure thereof apply himself to research in the subject in which he obtained his Studentship, or in some cognate line of research approved of by the General Board of Studies. Such research shall be pursued outside Ireland in such places as the Senate shall direct, and under the direction of a Professor of a University, or of some other person selected by the Student himself and approved of by the Senate, or by such authority as the Senate shall direct.

4. The continuance of the Studentship for a second or a third year shall be contingent upon the receipt of a detailed report from the Student on the work upon which he has been employed, together with a Certificate of a satisfactory kind from the University Professor or other person under whose direction he has been working; nor shall the Studentship be continued for a second or third year unless such report shall be satisfactory to the Senate.

5. A Student who has once been awarded a Studentship shall not be eligible to obtain, or to compete for a second Studentship.

6. The Studentships shall be awarded for proficiency in subjects of secular education, and not in respect of any subject of religious instruction.

7. If a Studentship be awarded to a Student holding a Scholarship or other continuing Prize in the University, in any of its Constituent or Recognised Colleges, or in any other University, or in any College attached to a University, or in any College or other institution endowed with public money, the value, at the time of obtaining his Studentship, of such previous Scholarship or Prize, shall be deducted from the sum which he would otherwise have been entitled to receive by reason of such Studentship, unless the Student shall forthwith, upon notice to him of the award of the Studentship to him, relinquish and abandon such previous Scholarship or Prize.

CHAPTER XLVII.

RECOGNIZED COLLEGES.

1. The Senate may recognise a College in Ireland which fulfils the conditions mentioned in this Section, as a College in which Matriculated Students of the University who are pursuing therein Approved Courses of Study of a University type, under teachers recognised by the Senate for

the purpose, may be given the benefit of any privileges of Matriculated Students of the University who are pursuing a Course of Study at the University, or at any of its Constituent Colleges, including the right of obtaining University Degrees;

PROVIDED—

- (a) That as prescribed by the Act, Section 2, sub-section 4, the College does not prepare students for Intermediate or other School Examinations, and does not give education of an Intermediate or Secondary kind;
- (b) That the Senate is satisfied, in manner provided in this Chapter, as to the general character and financial position of the College as a whole, the adequacy in numbers and qualifications of its teaching staff, the University standard of its teaching, the adequate provision of Laboratories and other appliances necessary for giving instruction in the subjects in respect of which recognition is contemplated, the conditions as to age and attainments on which Students are admitted to it, the number of its Students proceeding or likely to proceed to a University Degree, and the relations of the College to any other University;
- (c) That the College shall not be recognised
 - (a) if it be situate in Munster (elsewhere than in the County of Clare), without the consent of the Governing Body of University College, Cork;
 - (b) if it be situate in Connaught or in the County of Clare, without the consent of the Governing Body of University College, Galway;
 - (c) if it be situate elsewhere in Ireland, without the consent of the Governing Body of University College, Dublin.

2. An application to the Senate to declare a College to be recognised as aforesaid shall be made in writing, and shall be signed by its Principal or Head.

3. Every such application shall set forth the following particulars regarding the College for which recognition is sought:—

- (a) The general character of the College.
- (b) The subjects in which instruction is given in it, and in respect of which recognition is sought.
- (c) Whether it prepares Students for Intermediate or other School Examinations, or gives education of an Intermediate or Secondary character.
- (d) The number and names of the members of the teaching staff of the College with their University Degrees or other qualifications.
- (e) Its financial position, including the emoluments of the members of its Teaching Staff, and of the fees charged to its Students.
- (f) The usual age at which its Students are admitted, and the conditions as to attainments required for their admission.

(g) The number of its Students proceeding, or likely to proceed, to a Degree of the University.

(h) Its relation to any other University, including the number of its Students proceeding, or likely to proceed, to a Degree in any other University.

(i) The names, emoluments, and tenure of office of those members of its Teaching Staff whom it desires to have declared Recognised Teachers, and a statement of the duration and scope of the Courses of instruction given by them, and any other evidence required by the Senate to show the University standard of such instruction.

(j) The provision of appliances necessary for teaching in the subjects in respect of which it seeks recognition, including the provision of Laboratories, if required.

(k) Whether the College has already either wholly or partially prepared Students for any University Degree, specifying the subjects in which they have been so prepared, and the approximate number of such Students.

4. The application shall be referred by the Senate to the Governing Body of University College, Cork, if the College making the application be situate in Munster (elsewhere than in the County of Clare); to the Governing Body of University College, Galway, if the College be situate in Connaught or in the County of Clare; to the Governing Body of University College, Dublin, if the College be situate elsewhere in Ireland.

5. The Governing Body of the University College to which the application has been so referred shall report thereon to the Senate, and should the Governing Body consent to the recognition sought being granted in whole or in part, the application, together with the report received from the Governing Body of the University College, shall be laid by the Registrar before the General Board of Studies, and the Board, as soon as may be, shall make a report thereon. Before making such report the Board may obtain a report from the Faculty or Faculties concerned.

6. The Senate shall also be entitled, if it shall deem it necessary, to depute such person or persons as it may select to make an inspection of the College on behalf of which the application has been made, and to obtain from such person or persons a report giving the result of the inspection.

7. The Senate shall consider the report of the General Board of Studies, the report of the Inspector or Inspectors, if any inspection shall have been ordered, the general character and financial position of the College as a whole, the adequacy in numbers and qualifications of its Teaching Staff, the University standard of the teaching, the adequate provision of Laboratories, if the same shall be required, and the other appliances necessary for giving instruction in the subjects in respect of which recognition is contemplated, the conditions as to age and attainments on which Students are admitted, the number of Students proceeding or likely to proceed to a University Degree, and the relations of the College to any other University. If it shall be of opinion that the College ought to be recognised, the Senate by resolution shall declare it to be a Recognised College of the University.

Such Resolution shall state the subjects in respect of which the College is recognised, and may define the time during which such recognition, if not sooner withdrawn, shall continue.

8. If the Senate is of opinion that it is in the interest of the University to recognise in respect of particular subjects a College which is chiefly maintained by moneys provided by Parliament, but which has not applied to be recognised, the Senate may, with the consent of the Constituent College mentioned in Clause 4 of this Chapter, invite the College to furnish a statement containing the particulars described in Sub-sections (i) and (j) of Section 3 of this Charter, so far as the same relates to such subjects, and such other information (if any) as the Senate may deem necessary, to show that the College satisfies the conditions prescribed by Sections (a) and (b) of Charter XXI (1), together with a consent to be so recognised if the Senate so desire, and, upon such statement and consent being so furnished, the Senate, if it shall so think fit, may declare it to be a Recognised College in respect of such subjects or some of them.

9. The recognition of a College may be withdrawn by the Senate at any time.

10. So long as a College shall continue to be recognised, Matriculated Students of the University who are pursuing therein, under Teachers recognised by the Senate for the purpose, an Approved Course of Study in all or any of the subjects in respect of which the College is recognised, shall have the benefit of any privileges of Matriculated Students of the University who are pursuing a Course of Study in such subjects or subject at the University, including the right of obtaining a University Degree.

11. It shall be the duty of the Head of a Recognised College to notify to the Senate all changes in the Teaching Staff of the College, or in the duration or scope of the Courses of instruction given by those Members of the Teaching Staff who have been recognised by the Senate as Teachers.

12. At any time after a College has been recognised, it shall be lawful for the Senate to call for a report from the Head of the College as to its then state and condition, in relation to the subjects in respect of which it has been recognised, and, if the Senate deem it advisable, to cause an inspection to be made.

13. The two immediately preceding Sections shall not apply to a College recognised under the provisions of Section 8 of this Chapter.

CHAPTER XLVIII.

RECOGNISED TEACHERS.

1. The Senate of the University for the purpose of giving privileges under the provisions of the last preceding Chapter may recognise, in such manner, for such time, and upon such conditions as may be prescribed in the Regulations, individual Teachers, who in the opinion of the Senate are giving to Matriculated Students of the University instruction of a University Standard in subjects approved by the Senate for the purpose.

2. In recognising a Teacher the Senate shall specify the subject or subjects in which he is recognised. A register of such Recognised Teachers, with a statement of the subjects in which they are recognised, shall be kept by the Registrar of the University.

3. The recognition of a Teacher may be withdrawn or modified at any time by the Senate.

4. A Teacher shall continue to be recognised only so long as the conditions under which he was recognised are fulfilled.

5. Teachers so recognised and no other teachers, are Recognised Teachers for the purposes of this Statute.

6. Regulations may provide for the contingency of occasional absence of a Recognised Teacher from duty on account of illness or other sufficient cause, and for any other matters which it may be deemed desirable to regulate in respect of his duties as a Recognised Teacher.

CHAPTER XLIX.

FEES.

The Senate may demand and receive such fees as it from time to time appoints.

CHAPTER L.

STUDENTS OF THE ROYAL UNIVERSITY.

The Senate shall by Regulations give effect to the provisions made by the Act for the benefit of Students of the Royal University.

CHAPTER LI.

DISCIPLINE.

For the due maintenance of good order and discipline within the University, the University shall from time to time make such Regulations as it may deem expedient in regard to the wearing of academical dress; the rendering of assistance and obedience to all persons in authority; the observance of decorum at the meetings of the University; the definition and determination of offences; the penalties on offenders; and the manner in which pecuniary penalties and fines shall be collected and disposed of.

CHAPTER LII.

REMOVALS FROM OFFICE.

1. The power conferred by the University Charter of removing the President of any Constituent College, or of removing any University Professor or University Lecturer, or other Officer of the University, shall be exercised by the Senate only at a Meeting thereof summoned for the purpose, at a date to be fixed by the Chancellor.

2. A President, University Professor, or University Lecturer of a Constituent College, shall not, except upon due cause shown in an application by the Governing Body of the College, be removed from his office by the Senate.

3. At least two months' notice of the Meeting at which the removal of any President, University Professor, University Lecturer, or other Officer, is to be considered shall be given to the President, Professor, Lecturer, or Officer concerned, and such notice shall be accompanied by particulars of the charge brought against him.

4. Any President, University Professor, University Lecturer, or other Officer whom it is proposed to remove from office shall be entitled to be heard by the Senate in his defence, either personally or by Counsel on his behalf; and if the person proposed to be removed be a President of a Constituent College, or a Professor, Lecturer, or Officer in a Constituent College, the Governing Body of the College shall be entitled to be heard, through a Member or Members thereof, or through Counsel. Any person or body entitled to be heard shall be at liberty to tender evidence in support of, or in answer to, the complaint.

5. If the Senate shall remove from his office any President, University Professor, or University Lecturer, or other Officer, the proper Officer of the University shall forthwith give notice, in writing, to such President, Professor, Lecturer, or other Officer of the Resolution of the Senate removing him from his office.

CHAPTER LIII.

DEPRIVATION OF DEGREES AND OTHER DISTINCTIONS.

1. The Senate shall have power to deprive any Graduate of the University who, in the opinion of the Senate, is guilty of scandalous conduct, of any Degree or Degrees conferred by the University, and of all privileges enjoyed by him as such Graduate.

2. In the case of any Graduate being deprived of a Degree, the Senate shall give directions to the Registrar of the University for the removal of such Graduate's name from the Register of Graduates of the University; and in the case of a Medical Graduate, the Senate shall furnish a copy of the order of removal to the General Medical Council.

3. The provisions of Sections 3 and 4 of Chapter LII shall, so far as possible, apply also in the case of a proposal to deprive any Graduate of any Degree or Degrees of the University.

CHAPTER LIV.

APPEALS.

1. An Appeal to His Majesty, the Visitor of the University, by a President, University Professor, or University Lecturer who shall have been removed from his office by the Senate shall be brought by notice, in writing, signed by the Appellant, and addressed and sent to the Secretary of State for the Home Department, within one month after notice of the resolution of the Senate removing the Appellant from his office shall have been given to him by the Registrar of the University; and a copy of the said notice shall, within one week after it shall have been sent to the Secretary of State, be lodged by the Appellant with the Registrar of the University.

CHAPTER LV.

SERVICE OF NOTICES AND DOCUMENTS : TIME.

1. Where a Statute or Regulation authorises or requires any Voting Paper or other document to be served, sent, or given to a Member of the University, the service, sending, or giving thereof shall be deemed to be duly effected by prepaying and posting an envelope containing a copy of such Voting Paper or other document, addressed to such person at the address appearing opposite to his name in the Register of the University.

2. Service of any document upon the Senate, or upon the Governing Body of any Constituent College, or upon Convocation, shall be effected by serving the Registrar of the University, the Registrar or other proper officer of such Constituent College, or the Clerk of Convocation, as the case may be, in the manner hereinbefore prescribed.

3. Where a given number of days' notice, or notice extending over any period, is by any Statute or Regulation required to be given, the day of service shall, unless it is otherwise provided, be counted in such number of days or other period.

4. Where any limited time less than six days from any date or event is prescribed for doing any act, Sunday or any Statutory Holiday shall not be reckoned in the computation of such limited time.

5. Where the time for doing any act expires on a Sunday or Statutory Holiday, such act shall, so far as regards the time of doing the same, be deemed to be duly done if done on the day other than a Sunday or Statutory Holiday which shall be next after the expiration of the time prescribed for doing such act.

CHAPTER LVI.

INTERPRETATION.

In the interpretation of the Statutes and Regulations of the University the following words and expressions shall have the meaning hereby assigned to them, unless there be something in the context repugnant thereto; that is to say:—

- "Absence" means absence from the particular place prescribed for the doing of any act at the time prescribed.
- "The Act" means the Irish Universities Act, 1908.
- "Approved" means approved by Regulation.
- "The Board" means the General Board of Studies.
- "The Chancellor" means the Chancellor of the University.
- "The Charter" means the Charter of the University, and shall include any Supplemental or Amending Charter.
- "Constituent College" means a Constituent College of the University.
- "Convocation" means the Convocation of the University.
- "Degree" means a Degree of the University.
- "Examination" means University Examination, and includes any test of learning or skill prescribed by Statute or Regulation as a qualification for any Degree or other Academic Distinction.
- "Existing Officer" means Existing Officers as defined by the Act.

- "Governing Body" means the Governing Body of a Constituent College.
- "Graduate" means a Graduate of the University.
- "Month" means calendar month.
- "Officers" includes the Registrar, and the Clerks whose offices are instituted by this Statute, but does not include temporary Clerks or servants.
- "Post-Graduate Studies" means studies pursued in a Faculty by a person who has passed the prescribed Examinations for a Primary Degree in that Faculty.
- "Prescribed" means prescribed or appointed by Regulation.
- "President" means the President of a Constituent College.
- "Proper Officer" means, in relation to the doing of any act or the performance of any duty, the Officer who by any Statute or Regulation, or by any Act of Parliament or any Order or Rules made thereunder or by usage, is required or authorised to do such act or perform such duty.
- "Recognised College" means a College declared by a Resolution of the Senate to be recognised under the provisions of the Charter and the Statute.
- "Recognised Teacher" means a Teacher in a Recognised College who is recognised by the Senate as a fit and qualified Teacher in the College in a specified subject.
- "The Registrar" means the Registrar of the University, and shall include an Acting Registrar.
- "Registered Graduate" means a person whose name is for the time being on the Register of Graduates.
- "Regulations" means "Regulation" or Regulation or Regulations made at the discretion of the Senate under or pursuant to any provision of the Charter or the Statutes.
- "The Royal University" means the Royal University of Ireland.
- "The Senate" means the Senate of the University.
- "Statutes" means Statutes for the general government of the University made in pursuance of Sections four and five of the Act.
- "Statutory Holiday" means and includes the 17th day of March, Good Friday, Easter Monday, the Monday in Whitsun week, the first Monday in August, Christmas Day, the 26th day of December, and any special day appointed by Royal Proclamation as a Bank Holiday throughout the United Kingdom or Ireland.
- "Studentship" means a Studentship in the University.
- "Undergraduates" means Undergraduates of the University.
- "The University" or "This University" means the National University of Ireland.
- "The Vice-Chancellor" means the Vice-Chancellor of the University.
- Words importing the masculine gender include females.
- Words in the singular include the plural, and words in the plural include the singular.

CHAPTER LVII.

MODE OF CITATION.

This Statute may be cited as Statute A. of the National University of Ireland, or Stat. A., N.U.I., and any provision in it may be cited by a reference to the Statute, Chapter, Section, and Sub-section, *ex. gr.* Stat. A., N.U.I., XXXIV., 2 (a).

Present at the meeting of the
Commissioners when their
Common Seal was affixed—

L.S.

ROBERT DONOVAN,

Secretary to the

Dublin Commissioners.